## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge Ordinary Level** 

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## **4024 MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)**

4024/22 Paper 2, maximum raw mark 100

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Question		Answers		Part Marks	
1	(a) (i)	30%	2	Part Marks  M1 for figs(5625 ÷ 18750) or SC1 for 70(%) as final answer	
	(ii)	305	3	M1 for $(13125) \times \frac{22}{100}$ oe and M1 for $\frac{18750 - their2887.5}{52}$	
	(iii)	15 000	2	<b>M1</b> for $x + \frac{25x}{100} = 18750$ oe or <b>B1</b> for $\div$ 125	
	(b) (i)	65400	1		
	(ii)	294	1		
	(iii)	877	2	<b>B1</b> for use of the quotient of the rates	
2	(a) (i)	23	1		
	(ii)	90 with reason	1		
	(iii)	Parallel lines established	1		
	(b)	Convincing argument	3	This must have e.g. $XQ = XY$ justified. If there is no justification, then MAX <b>B2</b> from <b>B1</b> for $XQ = XY$ oe And <b>B1</b> for relating this to the perimeter of $PXZ$ Or <b>B1</b> for equal (alternate or bisected) angles	
3	(a)	$\frac{1}{16}$ or 0.0625	1		
	(b)	$\frac{42}{256}$ or 0.164 oe	3	B2 for $(2) \times \frac{7}{16} \times \frac{3}{16}$ or B1 for both $\frac{7}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{16}$ or SC1 after 0 for $\frac{7}{40}$	
	(c) (i)	26	1		
	(ii)	m = 5 $n = -3$	2	B1 for one correct or M1 for correct substitution and evaluation of the other variable or for an equation in one variable	
	(d)	p = 17	2	<b>M1</b> for $p \times \text{their} m - 4 \times \text{their} n (= 97)$ oe	

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				3
4	(a) (i)	105	2	B1 for $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \times 7 \times 3 \times 10$ or M1 for Area of cross section × 10 sor
	(ii)	197.2 (m <sup>2</sup> )	4	M1 for $3^2 + 7^2$ and M1 for area of one triangular face and M1 for area of one rectangular face
	(b) (i)	0.845	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{h}{2} = \sin 25$ oe
	(ii)	0.280	2	M1 for $\frac{y}{0.6} = \tan[]$ oe or SC1 for 25
5	(a)	63.7 or 63.6 (m)	2	<b>M1</b> for $\pi \times \frac{d}{2} = 100$
	(b)	9540 to 9560	3ft	M1 for $\pi r^2$ soi and M1 for <i>their</i> circular area + 100 × <i>their</i> (a)
	(c) (i)	18.7 to 19.0(m)	3ft	M1 for $2\pi R$ And M1 for their $2\pi R - 200$ or $\pi R - 100$
	(ii)	30.8 to 31.1	2ft	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r$ oe
6	(a)	Correct shape ABCD	4	<b>B1</b> for $\widehat{ABC} = 56$ <b>B1</b> for $\widehat{BAD} = 104$ <b>M1</b> line $\widehat{CD} / / \widehat{AB}$ <b>A1</b> for perpendicular length 4.5
	(b)	115 – 125 m	2ft	M1 for their CD
7	(a) (i)	Convincing argument	3	www e.g. need to see $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ and $\frac{5}{3}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ <b>B1</b> for $\overrightarrow{DE} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ oe <b>B1</b> for $\overrightarrow{DB} = \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}$ or $\overrightarrow{EC} = \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{b}$ oe soi
	(ii)	9 : 25 oe	2	<b>B1</b> for at least 3 : 5 oe seen
	(b) (i)	Triangle with vertices (6, 1), (10, 1), (10, 4)	2	B1 for two vertices correct
	(ii)	Stretch(ing)	1	
	(iii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one error or M1 for multiplication in the correct order

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		1	62
(iv)	$ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} $	2ft	<b>B1</b> for $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ or their ft value.
8 (a) (i)	2.24	1	
(ii)	$(h=)\frac{T^2g}{4\pi^2} \text{ oe}$	3	M1 for $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 h}{g}$ oe and M1 for any correct transposition at any stage
(b)	14	2	<b>B1</b> for 42 or 16 or <b>M1</b> for $45 - p - 3 = 2p$
(c)	−5.5 oe	3	M1 for $3(2x-3)+4(5-x)$ oe soi and M1 for $6x-4x=9-20$ soi oe
(d)	-0.41 -3.26	3	B1 for $\sqrt{11^2 - 4 \times 3 \times 4}$ soi and B1 for $\frac{-11 \pm \sqrt{their73}}{2 \times 3}$ After B1 or B0 so far M1 for both real values of $\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{\sqrt{q}}$
9 (a) (i)	11.05 confirmed	1	r
(ii)	39.1° or 39.2°	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 7 \times \sin PQR$
(iii)	136.3°	3	M1 for $8 \times 2 \times \sin ZWX = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 6 \times \sin 67$ oe and A1 for $43.7^{\circ}$ soi or M1 for $180 - their 43.7$ soi
(b) (i)	6.16	3	M2 for $9^2 + 12^2 - 2 \times 9 \times 12 \times \cos 30$ soi or M1 for cosine formula with 1 error and A1 for 412 (soi by 20.3), 131.5 (soi by 11.5) or 117 (soi by 10.8)
(ii)	41.4	3	<b>M2</b> for $\cos CAM = \frac{9^2 + 12^2 - 12.5^2}{2 \times 9 \times 12}$ oe or <b>M1</b> for $12.5^2 = 9^2 + 12^2 - 2 \times 9 \times 12 \cos \theta$ oe After 0, <b>SC1</b> for <i>their</i> A – 30, or one of <i>M</i> or <i>C</i>

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10	(a)		11 11	1	and and the
	(b)		correct scales, plots (ft) and curve	3	P2 correct scales and at least 7 plots (h) All plots correct ft or P1 for aleast 7 plots (ft) or Correct scales drawn
	(c)		2 (±0.5)	2ft	Dependent on tangent drawn at $x = 3$ M1 for tangent at $x = 3$
	(d)	(i)	-5 cao	1	
		(ii)	(a) -1 (b) 5	2	B1 for either
	(e)		(0.6) (3.4)	3ft	<b>B1</b> for $x^2 - 4x - 1 = -3$ soi and <b>B1</b> for the line $y = -3$ or <b>M1</b> for $x^2 - 4x - 1 = k$ and <b>A1</b> for the line $y = k$ <b>SC3</b> for 0 for new curve drawn
11	(a)		histogram correct	3	H2 for four columns correct or H1 for one correct frequency density
	(b)	(i)	correct plots and give curve	2	P1 for at least 4 correct plots
		(ii)	<b>(a)</b> (195)(g)	1ft	
			<b>(b)</b> 72 to 88 (g)	2ft	<b>B1</b> for 152 to 158 and 230 to 240 Or <b>M1</b> for UQ – LQ
	(	(iii)	50 78 72 32 4	1	
	(	(iv)	(a) 36 cao	1	
			(b) 85 or 86 or ft (th Percentile)	2ft	B1 for 15 or 14.4 or ft Or M1 for subtraction from 240 or 250